CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1853

Chapter 395, Laws of 1995

54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

## JUVENILE OFFENDERS--PROBATION BONDS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/23/95

Passed by the House March 8, 1995 Yeas 98 Nays 0

#### CLYDE BALLARD

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 12, 1995 Yeas 48 Nays 0

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

Approved May 16, 1995

#### MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Timothy A. Martin, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1853** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN

Chief Clerk

FILED

May 16, 1995 - 3:15 p.m.

Secretary of State State of Washington

## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1853

Passed Legislature - 1995 Regular Session

### State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

**By** House Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Representatives Smith, Padden, Campbell, Koster, Johnson, Blanton, Silver, Benton and Thompson)

Read first time 03/01/95.

AN ACT Relating to juveniles; amending RCW 13.40.0357, 13.40.040, 13.40.050, 13.40.125, 13.40.160, and 13.40.200; reenacting and amending RCW 13.40.020; adding new sections to chapter 13.40 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW 7 to read as follows:

(1) As provided in this chapter, the court may order a juvenile to 8 post a probation bond as defined in RCW 13.40.020 or to deposit cash or 9 10 post other collateral in lieu of a probation bond, to enhance public safety, increase the likelihood that a respondent will appear as 11 12 required to respond to charges, and increase compliance with community 13 supervision imposed under various alternative disposition options. The 14 parents or guardians of the juvenile may sign for a probation bond on 15 behalf of the juvenile or deposit cash or other collateral in lieu of 16 a bond if approved by the court.

(2) A parent or guardian who has signed for a probation bond,
deposited cash, or posted other collateral on behalf of a juvenile has
the right to notify the court if the juvenile violates any of the terms

and conditions of the bond. The parent or guardian who signed for a 1 2 probation bond may move the court to modify the terms of the bond or revoke the bond without penalty to the surety or parent. The court 3 4 shall notify the surety if a parent or guardian notifies the court that the juvenile has violated conditions of the probation bond and has 5 requested modification or revocation of the bond. At a hearing on the 6 7 motion, the court may consider the nature and seriousness of the 8 violation or violations and may either keep the bond in effect, modify 9 the terms of the bond with the consent of the parent or quardian and 10 surety, or revoke the bond. If the court revokes the bond the court may require full payment of the face amount of the bond. In the 11 12 alternative, the court may revoke the bond and impose a partial payment for less than the full amount of the bond or may revoke the bond 13 without imposing any penalty. In reaching its decision, the court may 14 15 consider the timeliness of the parent's or guardian's notification to 16 the court and the efforts of the parent and surety to monitor the 17 offender's compliance with conditions of the bond and release. Α surety shall have the same obligations and rights as provided sureties 18 19 in adult criminal cases. Rules of forfeiture and revocation of bonds 20 issued in adult criminal cases shall apply to forfeiture and revocation of probation bonds issued under this chapter except as specifically 21 22 provided in this subsection.

Sec. 2. RCW 13.40.020 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 520, 1994 c 271 s 803, and 1994 c 261 s 18 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows: For the purposes of this chapter:

(1) "Serious offender" means a person fifteen years of age or older
who has committed an offense which if committed by an adult would be:
(a) A class A felony, or an attempt to commit a class A felony;

(b) Manslaughter in the first degree; or

29

30 (c) Assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, 31 child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second 32 degree, robbery in the second degree, residential burglary, or burglary 33 in the second degree, where such offenses include the infliction of 34 bodily harm upon another or where during the commission of or immediate 35 withdrawal from such an offense the perpetrator is armed with a deadly 36 weapon;

37 (2) "Community service" means compulsory service, without38 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the

1 offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community service 2 may be performed through public or private organizations or through 3 work crews;

4 (3) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department or an 5 order granting a deferred adjudication pursuant to RCW 13.40.125. A 6 7 community supervision order for a single offense may be for a period of 8 up to two years for a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 and up to 9 one year for other offenses. As a mandatory condition of any term of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to refrain 10 from committing new offenses. As a mandatory condition of community 11 supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to comply with the 12 13 mandatory school attendance provisions of chapter 28A.225 RCW and to 14 inform the school of the existence of this requirement. Community 15 supervision is an individualized program comprised of one or more of 16 the following:

17 (a) Community-based sanctions;

18 (b) Community-based rehabilitation;

19 (c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;

20 (d) Posting of a probation bond imposed pursuant to RCW 13.40.0357;

21 (4) Community-based sanctions may include one or more of the 22 following:

23 (a) A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars;

24 (b) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours of 25 service;

26 (5) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of the following: Attendance of information classes; counseling, outpatient 27 28 substance abuse treatment programs, outpatient mental health programs, 29 anger management classes, education or outpatient treatment programs to 30 prevent animal cruelty, or other services; or attendance at school or other educational programs appropriate for the juvenile as determined 31 by the school district. Placement in community-based rehabilitation 32 programs is subject to available funds; 33

34 (6) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of 35 the following: Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work, 36 court-ordered treatment or programs during specified hours; 37 restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas; requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to 38 39 remain under the probation officer's supervision; and other conditions

1 or limitations as the court may require which may not include
2 confinement;

(7) "Confinement" means physical custody by the department of 3 4 social and health services in a facility operated by or pursuant to a 5 contract with the state, or physical custody in a detention facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with any county. The county may 6 7 operate or contract with vendors to operate county detention 8 facilities. The department may operate or contract to operate 9 detention facilities for juveniles committed to the department. Pretrial confinement or confinement of less than thirty-one days 10 imposed as part of a disposition or modification order may be served 11 consecutively or intermittently, in the discretion of the court; 12

13 (8) "Court", when used without further qualification, means the 14 juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);

(9) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints against therespondent for which, prior to the commission of a current offense:

(a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a respondent is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the same course of conduct, only the highest charge from among these shall count as an offense for the purposes of this chapter; or

(b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant to the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and after an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint would be considered as part of the respondent's criminal history. A successfully completed deferred adjudication shall not be considered part of the respondent's criminal history;

(10) "Department" means the department of social and healthservices;

(11) "Detention facility" means a county facility, paid for by the county, for the physical confinement of a juvenile alleged to have committed an offense or an adjudicated offender subject to a disposition or modification order. "Detention facility" includes county group homes, inpatient substance abuse programs, juvenile basic training camps, and electronic monitoring;

(12) "Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters into a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any other person, community accountability board, or other entity except a law enforcement official or entity, with whom the juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and supervise such agreements

pursuant to RCW 13.40.080, or any person, community accountability 1 2 board, or other entity specially funded by the legislature to arrange and supervise diversion agreements in accordance with the requirements 3 4 of this chapter. For purposes of this subsection, "community accountability board" means a board comprised of members of the local 5 community in which the juvenile offender resides. The superior court 6 7 shall appoint the members. The boards shall consist of at least three 8 and not more than seven members. If possible, the board should include 9 a variety of representatives from the community, such as a law enforcement officer, teacher or school administrator, high school 10 student, parent, and business owner, and should represent the cultural 11 diversity of the local community; 12

(13) "Institution" means a juvenile facility established pursuantto chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;

(14) "Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years and who has not been previously transferred to adult court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110 or who is otherwise under adult court jurisdiction;

(15) "Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been found by the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a person eighteen years of age or older over whom jurisdiction has been extended under RCW 13.40.300;

(16) "Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would either
impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a serious,
and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this chapter;

(17) "Middle offender" means a person who has committed an offense
 and who is neither a minor or first offender nor a serious offender;

28 (18) "Minor or first offender" means a person whose current 29 offense(s) and criminal history fall entirely within one of the 30 following categories:

31 (a) Four misdemeanors;

32 (b) Two misdemeanors and one gross misdemeanor;

33 (c) One misdemeanor and two gross misdemeanors; and

34 (d) Three gross misdemeanors.

35 For purposes of this definition, current violations shall be 36 counted as misdemeanors;

(19) "Offense" means an act designated a violation or a crime if
 committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any ordinance

1 of any city or county of this state, under any federal law, or under 2 the law of another state if the act occurred in that state;

3 (20) "Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or proven to have 4 committed an offense;

5 (21) "Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the offender to the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable damages for 6 7 injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for medical treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages resulting from 8 physical injury, and costs of the victim's counseling reasonably 9 10 related to the offense if the offense is a sex offense. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain 11 and suffering, or other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter 12 13 shall limit or replace civil remedies or defenses available to the victim or offender; 14

15 (22) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social 16 and health services. "Assistant secretary" means the assistant 17 secretary for juvenile rehabilitation for the department;

18 (23) "Services" mean services which provide alternatives to 19 incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or been adjudicated 20 guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion agreement pursuant to 21 this chapter;

(24) "Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex offense in RCW
9.94A.030;

(25) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which
the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of his or her
sexual gratification;

(26) "Foster care" means temporary physical care in a foster family
home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and licensed by
the department, or other legally authorized care;

30 (27) "Violation" means an act or omission, which if committed by an 31 adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and is punishable by 32 sanctions which do not include incarceration;

33 (28) "Violent offense" means a violent offense as defined in RCW
34 9.94A.030*i*

35 (29) "Probation bond" means a bond, posted with sufficient security 36 by a surety justified and approved by the court, to secure the 37 offender's appearance at required court proceedings and compliance with 38 court-ordered community supervision or conditions of release ordered 39 pursuant to RCW 13.40.040 or 13.40.050. It also means a deposit of

р. б

1 cash or posting of other collateral in lieu of a bond if approved by
2 the court;

3 (30) "Surety" means an entity licensed under state insurance laws 4 or by the state department of licensing, to write corporate, property, 5 or probation bonds within the state, and justified and approved by the 6 superior court of the county having jurisdiction of the case.

7 Sec. 3. RCW 13.40.0357 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 522 are each amended 8 to read as follows:

9	SCHEDULE A				
10	DESCI	RIPTION AND OFFENSE CAT	EGORY		
11	JUVENIL	E JUVENILE D	ISPOSITION		
12	DISPOSITION	CATEGORY FOR	ATTEMPT,		
13	OFFENSE	BAILJUMP, CO	NSPIRACY,		
14	CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION (RCW CITATION) OR SOL	LICITATION		
15					
16		Arson and Malicious Mischief			
17	А	Arson 1 (9A.48.020)	B+		
18	В	Arson 2 (9A.48.030)	С		
19	С	Reckless Burning 1 (9A.48.040)	D		
20	D	Reckless Burning 2 (9A.48.050)	E		
21	В	Malicious Mischief 1 (9A.48.070)	С		
22	С	Malicious Mischief 2 (9A.48.080)	D		
23	D	Malicious Mischief 3 (<\$50 is			
24		E class) (9A.48.090)	E		
25	Е	Tampering with Fire Alarm			
26		Apparatus (9.40.100)	Е		
27	А	Possession of Incendiary Device			
28		(9.40.120)	B+		
29		Assault and Other Crimes			
30		<b>Involving Physical Harm</b>			
31	А	Assault 1 (9A.36.011)	B+		
32	B+	Assault 2 (9A.36.021)	C+		
33	C+	Assault 3 (9A.36.031)	D+		
34	D+	Assault 4 (9A.36.041)	Е		
35	D+	Reckless Endangerment			
36		(9A.36.050)	Е		

1	C+	Promoting Suicide Attempt	
2	C+	(9A.36.060)	D+
3	D+	(9A.30.000) Coercion (9A.36.070)	D+ E
4	D+ C+	Custodial Assault (9A.36.100)	E D+
7	C+	Custodiai Assault (9A.30.100)	D+
5		<b>Burglary and Trespass</b>	
6	B+	Burglary 1 (9A.52.020)	C+
7	В	Burglary 2 (9A.52.030)	С
8	D	Burglary Tools (Possession of)	
9		(9A.52.060)	Е
10	D	Criminal Trespass 1 (9A.52.070)	Е
11	Е	Criminal Trespass 2 (9A.52.080)	Е
12	D	Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.100)	Е
13		Drugs	
14	E	Possession/Consumption of Alcohol	
15		(66.44.270)	Е
16	С	Illegally Obtaining Legend Drug	
17		(69.41.020)	D
18	C+	Sale, Delivery, Possession of Legend	
19		Drug with Intent to Sell	
20		(69.41.030)	D+
21	E	Possession of Legend Drug	
22		(69.41.030)	Е
23	B+	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
24		Substances Act - Narcotic Sale	
25		(69.50.401(a)(1)(i))	B+
26	С	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
27		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Sale	
28		(69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))	С
29	E	Possession of Marihuana <40 grams	
30		(69.50.401(e))	Е
31	С	Fraudulently Obtaining Controlled	
32		Substance (69.50.403)	С
33	C+	Sale of Controlled Substance	
34		for Profit (69.50.410)	C+
35	Е	Unlawful Inhalation (9.47A.020)	Е
36	В	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
37		Substances Act - Narcotic	

1		Counterfeit Substances	
2		(69.50.401(b)(1)(i))	В
3	С	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
4		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic	
5		Counterfeit Substances	
б		(69.50.401(b)(1) (ii), (iii), (iv))	С
7	С	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
8		Substances Act - Possession of a	
9		Controlled Substance	
10		(69.50.401(d))	С
11	С	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
12		Substances Act - Possession of a	
13		Controlled Substance	
14		(69.50.401(c))	С
15		Firearms and Weapons	
16	Е	Carrying Loaded Pistol Without	
17		Permit (9.41.050)	Е
18	С	Possession of Firearms by	
19		Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(e))	С
20	D+	Possession of Dangerous Weapon	
21		(9.41.250)	Е
22	D	Intimidating Another Person by use	
23		of Weapon (9.41.270)	Е
24		Homicide	
25	A+	Murder 1 (9A.32.030)	А
26	A+	Murder 2 (9A.32.050)	$\mathbf{B}+$
27	B+	Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060)	C+
28	C+	Manslaughter 2 (9A.32.070)	D+
29	B+	Vehicular Homicide (46.61.520)	C+
30		Kidnapping	
31	А	Kidnap 1 (9A.40.020)	$\mathbf{B}+$
32	B+	Kidnap 2 (9A.40.030)	C+
33	C+	Unlawful Imprisonment	
34		(9A.40.040)	D+

1		<b>Obstructing Governmental Operation</b>	1
2	Е	Obstructing a ((Public Servant))	
3		Law Enforcement Officer	
4		(9A.76.020)	Е
5	E	Resisting Arrest (9A.76.040)	Е
6	В	Introducing Contraband 1	
7		(9A.76.140)	С
8	С	Introducing Contraband 2	
9		(9A.76.150)	D
10	E	Introducing Contraband 3	
11		(9A.76.160)	Е
12	B+	Intimidating a Public Servant	
13		(9A.76.180)	C+
14	B+	Intimidating a Witness	
15		(9A.72.110)	C+
16		Public Disturbance	
17	C+	Riot with Weapon (9A.84.010)	D+
18	D+	Riot Without Weapon	
19		(9A.84.010)	Е
20	Е	Failure to Disperse (9A.84.020)	Е
21	Е	Disorderly Conduct (9A.84.030)	Е
22		Sex Crimes	
23	А	Rape 1 (9A.44.040)	B+
24	A-	Rape 2 (9A.44.050)	B+
25	C+	Rape 3 (9A.44.060)	D+
26	A-	Rape of a Child 1 (9A.44.073)	$\mathbf{B}+$
27	В	Rape of a Child 2 (9A.44.076)	C+
28	В	Incest 1 (9A.64.020(1))	С
29	С	Incest 2 (9A.64.020(2))	D
30	D+	Indecent Exposure	
31		(Victim <14) (9A.88.010)	Е
32	Е	Indecent Exposure	
33		(Victim 14 or over) (9A.88.010)	Е
34	B+	Promoting Prostitution 1	
35		(9A.88.070)	C+
36	C+	Promoting Prostitution 2	
37		(9A.88.080)	D+
38	Е	O & A (Prostitution) (9A.88.030)	Е

1	B+	Indecent Liberties (9A.44.100)	C+
2	B+	Child Molestation 1 (9A.44.083)	C+
3	C+	Child Molestation 2 (9A.44.086)	С
4		Theft, Robbery, Extortion, and Fo	rgery
5	В	Theft 1 (9A.56.030)	С
б	С	Theft 2 (9A.56.040)	D
7	D	Theft 3 (9A.56.050)	Е
8	В	Theft of Livestock (9A.56.080)	С
9	С	Forgery (9A.60.020)	D
10	А	Robbery 1 (9A.56.200)	B+
11	B+	Robbery 2 (9A.56.210)	C+
12	B+	Extortion 1 (9A.56.120)	C+
13	C+	Extortion 2 (9A.56.130)	D+
14	В	Possession of Stolen Property 1	
15		(9A.56.150)	С
16	С	Possession of Stolen Property 2	
17		(9A.56.160)	D
18	D	Possession of Stolen Property 3	
19		(9A.56.170)	Е
20	С	Taking Motor Vehicle Without	
21		Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)	D
22		Motor Vehicle Related Crimes	
23	E	Driving Without a License	
24		(46.20.021)	Е
25	С	Hit and Run - Injury	
26		(46.52.020(4))	D
27	D	Hit and Run-Attended	
28		(46.52.020(5))	Е
29	Е	Hit and Run-Unattended	
30		(46.52.010)	Е
31	С	Vehicular Assault (46.61.522)	D
32	С	Attempting to Elude Pursuing	
33		Police Vehicle (46.61.024)	D
34	Е	Reckless Driving (46.61.500)	Е
35	D	Driving While Under the Influence	
36		(( <del>(46.61.515)</del> )) <u>(46.61.502 and</u>	
37		<u>46.61.504)</u>	Е
38	D	Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.100)	Е

1		С	Taking Motor Vehicle Without			
2	2		Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)	D		
3			Other			
4		В	Bomb Threat (9.61.160)	С		
5		С	Escape 1 (9A.76.110)	С		
6		С	Escape 2 (9A.76.120)	С		
7		D	Escape 3 (9A.76.130)	Е		
8		(( <del>C</del>	Failure to Appear in Court			
9			(10.19.130)	— <del>D</del> ))		
10		E	Obscene, Harassing, Etc.,			
11			Phone Calls (9.61.230)	Е		
12		А	Other Offense Equivalent to an			
13			Adult Class A Felony	B+		
14		В	Other Offense Equivalent to an			
15			Adult Class B Felony	С		
16		С	Other Offense Equivalent to an			
17			Adult Class C Felony	D		
18		D	Other Offense Equivalent to an			
19			Adult Gross Misdemeanor	Е		
20		E	Other Offense Equivalent to an			
21			Adult Misdemeanor	E		
22		V	Violation of Order of Restitution,			
23			Community Supervision, or			
24			Confinement (13.40.200)	V		
25	Escape 1 and 2 and	Atte	empted Escape 1 and 2 a:	re classed as C offenses		
26	and the standard ra	ange	is established as follo	ows:		
. –						
27	_	attei	mpted escape during 12	-month period - 4 weeks		
28	confinement					
29	_	attei	mpted escape during 12	-month period - 8 weeks		
30	confinement					
31		_		escape during 12-month		
32	period - 12 weeks o	conti	nement			
33	If the court finds	tha	t a respondent has viol	ated terms of an order,		
34	it may impose a per	nalty	of up to 30 days of co	onfinement.		
35			SCHEDULE B			
36						
_ *						

1	For use w	ith all CURF	RENT OF	FENSES	occurring	on or	after	July 1,
2	1989.							
3			TI	ME SPAN	T			
4		OFFENSE	0-12	13-24	25 Months			
5		CATEGORY	Months	Months	or More			
6								
7		A+	.9	.9	.9			
8		А	.9	.8	.6			
9		A-	.9	.8	.5			
10		B+	.9	.7	.4			
11		В	.9	.6	.3			
12		C+	.6	.3	.2			
13		С	.5	.2	.2			
14		D+	.3	.2	.1			
15		D	.2	.1	.1			
16		Е	.1	.1	.1			
								_
17	Prior history							
18	and release fo							
19	by court to	be correct	prior	to th	ne commis	sion c	of the	current
20	offense(s).							
21			SCI	HEDULE	C			
22		CU	RRENT (	OFFENSE	POINTS			
							_	
23		ith all CURF	RENT OF	FENSES	occurring	on or	after	July 1,
24	1989.							
25				AGE				
26		OFFENSE	12 &					
27		CATEGORY	Under 13	14 15	16 17			
28								
29		A+ STAND	ARD RANGE	E 180-224 WEE	KS			
30 21		A		350 375 3				
31 32		A- B+	150 150 110 110		200 200 140 150			
33		B+ B	45 45	50 50	57 57			
34		C+	44 44	49 49	55 55			
35		С	40 40	45 45	50 50			
36		D+	16 18	20 22	24 26			
37		D	14 16	18 20	22 24			
38		Е	4 4	4 6	8 10			

1	JUV	JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS			
2		S	CHEDULE D	-1	
3	This schedule may only	be used	d for min	or/first offenders. After the	
4	determination is made th	at a yo	uth is a	minor/first offender, the court	
5	has the discretion to se	elect s	entencing	g option A, B, or C.	
6		MINOR	FIRST OF	FENDER	
7			OPTION A		
8		ST	ANDARD RA	NGE	
9			Community		
10	C	Community	Service		
11	Points S	Supervision	Hours	Fine	
12 13	 1-9 0		and/or 0-8	and/or 0-\$10	
14		-3 months	and/or 0-8	and/or 0-\$10	
15		-3 months	and/or 0-16	and/or 0-\$10	
16		-3 months	and/or 8-24	and/or 0-\$25	
17	40-49 3	-6 months	and/or 16-32	and/or 0-\$25	
18	50-59 3	-6 months	and/or 24-40	and/or 0-\$25	
19	60-69 6	-9 months	and/or 32-48	and/or 0-\$50	
20	70-79 6	-9 months	and/or 40-56	and/or 0-\$50	
21	80-89 9	-12 months	and/or 48-64	and/or 10-\$100	
22	90-109 9	0-12 months	and/or 56-72	and/or 10-\$100	
23			OR		
24			OPTION B		
25		STA	UTORY OP	TION	
26	0-12 Months Community St	upervis	ion		
27	0-150 Hours Community Se	ervice			
28	0-100 Fine				
29		Dond			
30	A term of community sup	ervisio	on with a	maximum of 150 hours, \$100.00	
31	fine, and 12 months supe	ervisio	n.		
32			OR		
33			OPTION C		
34		MANII	FEST INJU	STICE	
35	When a term of commun	ity su	pervision	would effectuate a manifest	
36					
50	injustice, another dispe		may de l	mposed. mien a Judge imposes a	

sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the 1 juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall 2 be used to determine the range. 3

4 5

# JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS SCHEDULE D-2

This schedule may only be used for middle offenders. After the 6 7 determination is made that a youth is a middle offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A, B, or C. 8

9

## MIDDLE OFFENDER

10

## 11

Т	Т
1	2

STANDARD	RANGE
Community	

OPTION A

13		Community	Service		Confinement
14	Points	Supervision	Hours	Fine	Days Weeks
15					
16	1-9	0-3 months	and/or 0-8	and/or 0-\$10	and/or 0
17	10-19	0-3 months	and/or 0-8	and/or 0-\$10	and/or 0
18	20-29	0-3 months	and/or 0-16	and/or 0-\$10	and/or 0
19	30-39	0-3 months	and/or 8-24	and/or 0-\$25	and/or 2-4
20	40-49	3-6 months	and/or 16-32	and/or 0-\$25	and/or 2-4
21	50-59	3-6 months	and/or 24-40	and/or 0-\$25	and/or 5-10
22	60-69	6-9 months	and/or 32-48	and/or 0-\$50	and/or 5-10
23	70-79	6-9 months	and/or 40-56	and/or 0-\$50	and/or 10-20
24	80-89	9-12 months	and/or 48-64	and/or 0-\$100	and/or 10-20
25	90-109	9-12 months	and/or 56-72	and/or 0-\$100	and/or 15-30
26	110-129				8-12
27	130-149				13-16
28	150-199				21-28
29	200-249				30-40
30	250-299				52-65
31	300-374				80-100
32	375+				103-129

Middle offenders with ((more than)) 110 points or more do not have to 33 be committed. They may be assigned community supervision under option 34 35 Β.

All A+ offenses 180-224 weeks 36

37	OR
38	
39	OPTION B

SHB 1853.SL

1	STATUTORY OPTION		
2	0-12 Months Community Supervision		
3	0-150 Hours Community Service		
4	0-100 Fine		
5	Posting of a Probation Bond		
6	<u>If the offender has less than 110 points, the court may impose a</u>		
7	determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to 30 days		
8	confinement; in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court		
9	shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in		
10	RCW 13.40.150.		
11	If the middle offender has 110 points or more, the court may impose		
12 13	a disposition under option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and		
14	follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender fails		
15	to comply with the terms of community supervision, the court may impose		
16			
17	disposition and order execution of the disposition. If the court		
18	imposes confinement for offenders with 110 points or more, the court		
19	shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors set forth in RCW		
20	13.40.150.		
21	OR		
22			
23	OPTION C		
24	MANIFEST INJUSTICE		
25	If the court determines that a disposition under A or B would		
26	effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile		
27	to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used		
28	to determine the range.		
29	JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS		
30	SCHEDULE D-3		
31	This schedule may only be used for serious offenders. After the		
32	determination is made that a youth is a serious offender, the court has		
33	the discretion to select sentencing option A or B.		

1	SERI	OUS OFFENDER	
2	OPTION A		
3	STA	STANDARD RANGE	
4	Points	Institution Time	
5			
6	0-129	8-12 weeks	
7	130-149	13-16 weeks	
8	150-199	21-28 weeks	
9	200-249	30-40 weeks	
10	250-299	52-65 weeks	
11	300-374	80-100 weeks	
12	375+	103-129 weeks	
13	All A+ Offenses	180-224 weeks	

 14
 OR

 15
 0PTION B

 16
 OPTION B

 17
 MANIFEST INJUSTICE

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determined and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision <u>including posting</u> <u>a probation bond</u> or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

24 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.40.040 and 1979 c 155 s 57 are each amended to read 25 as follows:

26 (1) A juvenile may be taken into custody:

(a) Pursuant to a court order if a complaint is filed with the court alleging, and the court finds probable cause to believe, that the juvenile has committed an offense or has violated terms of a disposition order or release order; or

(b) Without a court order, by a law enforcement officer if grounds exist for the arrest of an adult in identical circumstances. Admission to, and continued custody in, a court detention facility shall be governed by subsection (2) of this section; or

(c) Pursuant to a court order that the juvenile be held as a 1 2 material witness; or 3 (d) Where the secretary or the secretary's designee has suspended 4 the parole of a juvenile offender. (2) A juvenile may not be held in detention unless there is 5 probable cause to believe that: б 7 (a) The juvenile has committed an offense or has violated the terms 8 of a disposition order; and 9 (i) The juvenile will likely fail to appear for further 10 proceedings; or 11 (ii) Detention is required to protect the juvenile from himself or herself; or 12 (iii) The juvenile is a threat to community safety; or 13 (iv) The juvenile will intimidate witnesses or otherwise unlawfully 14 15 interfere with the administration of justice; or 16 (v) The juvenile has committed a crime while another case was 17 pending; or (b) The juvenile is a fugitive from justice; or 18 (c) The juvenile's parole has been suspended or modified; or 19 20 (d) The juvenile is a material witness. (3) Upon a finding that members of the community have threatened 21 the health of a juvenile taken into custody, at the juvenile's request 22 23 the court may order continued detention pending further order of the 24 court. 25 (4) A juvenile detained under this section may be released upon 26 posting <u>a probation</u> bond set by the court. <u>The juvenile's parent or</u> quardian may sign for the probation bond. A court authorizing such a 27 release shall issue an order containing a statement of conditions 28 imposed upon the juvenile and shall set the date of his or her next 29 30 court appearance. The court shall advise the juvenile of any conditions specified in the order and may at any time amend such an 31 order in order to impose additional or different conditions of release 32 33 upon the juvenile or to return the juvenile to custody for failing to 34 conform to the conditions imposed. In addition to requiring the 35 juvenile to appear at the next court date, the court may condition the probation bond on the juvenile's compliance with conditions of release. 36 37 The juvenile's parent or guardian may notify the court that the juvenile has failed to conform to the conditions of release or the 38 provisions in the probation bond. If the parent notifies the court of 39

the juvenile's failure to comply with the probation bond, the court shall notify the surety. As provided in the terms of the bond, the surety shall provide notice to the court of the offender's noncompliance. Failure to appear on the date scheduled by the court pursuant to this section shall constitute the crime of bail jumping.

6 **Sec. 5.** RCW 13.40.050 and 1992 c 205 s 106 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

(1) When a juvenile taken into custody is held in detention:

8

9 (a) An information, a community supervision modification or 10 termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition 11 shall be filed within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays, and 12 holidays excluded, or the juvenile shall be released; and

(b) A detention hearing, a community supervision modification or termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition shall be held within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays excluded, from the time of filing the information or petition, to determine whether continued detention is necessary under RCW 13.40.040.

(2) Notice of the detention hearing, stating the time, place, and purpose of the hearing, and stating the right to counsel, shall be given to the parent, guardian, or custodian if such person can be found and shall also be given to the juvenile if over twelve years of age.

(3) At the commencement of the detention hearing, the court shall
advise the parties of their rights under this chapter and shall appoint
counsel as specified in this chapter.

(4) The court shall, based upon the allegations in the information, determine whether the case is properly before it or whether the case should be treated as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080. If the case is not properly before the court the juvenile shall be ordered released.

(5) Notwithstanding a determination that the case is properly before the court and that probable cause exists, a juvenile shall at the detention hearing be ordered released on the juvenile's personal recognizance pending further hearing unless the court finds detention is necessary under RCW 13.40.040 as now or hereafter amended.

(6) If detention is not necessary under RCW 13.40.040, as now orhereafter amended, the court shall impose the most appropriate of the

1 following conditions or, if necessary, any combination of the following 2 conditions:

3 (a) Place the juvenile in the custody of a designated person 4 agreeing to supervise such juvenile;

5 (b) Place restrictions on the travel of the juvenile during the 6 period of release;

7 (c) Require the juvenile to report regularly to and remain under8 the supervision of the juvenile court;

9 (d) Impose any condition other than detention deemed reasonably 10 necessary to assure appearance as required; ((<del>or</del>))

(e) Require that the juvenile return to detention during specifiedhours; or

13 (f) Require the juvenile to post a probation bond set by the court 14 under terms and conditions as provided in RCW 13.40.040(4).

15 (7) If the parent, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile in 16 detention is available, the court shall consult with them prior to a 17 determination to further detain or release the juvenile or treat the 18 case as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080.

19 Sec. 6. RCW 13.40.125 and 1994 1st sp.s. c 7 s 545 are each 20 amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon motion at least fourteen days before commencement of trial, the juvenile court has the power, after consulting the juvenile's custodial parent or parents or guardian and with the consent of the juvenile, to continue the case for <u>adjudication for</u> a period not to exceed one year from the date ((of entry of the plea or finding of <u>guilt</u>)) <u>the motion is granted</u>. The court may continue the case for an additional one-year period for good cause.

(2) Any juvenile granted a deferral of adjudication under this section shall be placed under community supervision. The court may impose any conditions of supervision that it deems appropriate <u>including posting a probation bond</u>. Payment of restitution, as provided in RCW 13.40.190 shall also be a condition of community supervision under this section.

34 (3) Upon full compliance with ((such)) conditions of supervision,
 35 the court shall dismiss the case with prejudice.

(4) If the juvenile fails to comply with the terms of supervision,
 the court shall enter an order of adjudication and proceed to
 disposition. The juvenile's lack of compliance shall be determined by

the judge upon written motion by the prosecutor or the juvenile's 1 juvenile court community supervision counselor. A parent who signed 2 3 for a probation bond or deposited cash may notify the counselor if the 4 juvenile fails to comply with the bond or conditions of supervision. The counselor shall notify the court and surety. A surety shall notify 5 the court of the juvenile's failure to comply with the probation bond. 6 7 The state shall bear the burden to prove by a preponderance of the 8 evidence that the juvenile has failed to comply with the terms of 9 community supervision.

10 (5) If the juvenile agrees to a deferral of adjudication, the 11 juvenile shall waive all rights:

12 (a) To a speedy trial and disposition;

13 (b) To call and confront witnesses; and

14 (c) To a hearing on the record. The adjudicatory hearing shall be15 limited to a reading of the court's record.

- 16 (6) A juvenile is not eligible for a deferred adjudication if:
- 17 (a) The juvenile's current offense is a sex or violent offense;
- 18 (b) The juvenile's criminal history includes any felony;
- 19 (c) The juvenile has a prior deferred adjudication; or
- 20 (d) The juvenile has had more than two diversions.

21 **Sec. 7.** RCW 13.40.160 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 523 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

(1) When the respondent is found to be a serious offender, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range of disposition for the offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section.

If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range, as indicated in option B of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of

1 RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition 2 outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the 3 state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is 4 not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

5 (2) Where the respondent is found to be a minor or first offender, the court shall order that the respondent serve a term of community 6 7 supervision as indicated in option A or option B of schedule D-1, RCW 8 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this 9 section. If the court determines that a disposition of community 10 supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice the court may impose another disposition under option C of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357. 11 Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a disposition 12 13 other than a community supervision may be imposed only after the court enters reasons upon which it bases its conclusions that imposition of 14 community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice. 15 When a 16 judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement 17 exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to 18 19 determine the range. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall 20 be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

Except for disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, a disposition may be appealed as provided in RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section may not be appealed under RCW 13.40.230.

(3) Where a respondent is found to have committed an offense for which the respondent declined to enter into a diversion agreement, the court shall impose a term of community supervision limited to the conditions allowed in a diversion agreement as provided in RCW 13.40.080(2).

32

(4) If a respondent is found to be a middle offender:

(a) The court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range(s) for such offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section((÷ PROVIDED, That)). If the standard range includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement; or

(b) If the middle offender has less than 110 points, the court 1 shall impose a ((disposition under (a) of this subsection, which shall 2 3 be suspended, and shall impose a)) determinate disposition of community 4 supervision and/or up to thirty days confinement, as indicated in option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 in which case, if confinement 5 has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or 6 7 mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150. If the middle 8 offender has 110 points or more, the court may impose a disposition 9 under option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all 10 conditions of community supervision. If the offender violates any 11 condition of the disposition including conditions of a probation bond, 12 13 the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspension and order execution of the ((sentence)) disposition. 14 15 The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served 16 if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is 17 being revoked.

(c) Only if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that disposition as provided in subsection (4)(a) or (b) of this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

(d) A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section is
appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A
disposition pursuant to subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section is
not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5) When a serious, middle, or minor first offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.

35 The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the 36 following: The respondent's version of the facts and the official 37 version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment 38 of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent's 39 social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation

measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the
 evaluator's information.

3 The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent's 4 amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A 5 proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a 6 minimum:

7 (a)(i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and 8 therapist;

9 (ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 10 description of planned treatment modalities;

(iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;

14 (iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and

15 (v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

16 The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state 17 shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability 18 to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the 19 motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination 20 ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which 21 case the state shall pay the cost.

After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then 22 consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use 23 24 of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the 25 victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment 26 disposition under this section. If the court determines that this special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the 27 court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range 28 for the offense, and the court may suspend the execution of the 29 30 disposition and place the offender on community supervision for up to two years. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may 31 impose the conditions of community supervision and other conditions, 32 33 including up to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the offender do any one or more of the following: 34

35 (b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or 36 occupation;

(ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to
 two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the
 standard range of confinement for that offense. A community mental

1 health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an 2 appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The 3 respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or 4 treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the 5 probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers 6 without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation 7 counselor object to the change;

8 (iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify 9 the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the 10 offender's address, educational program, or employment;

(iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall have prior approval by the court;

14 (v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;

15 (vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform 16 community service, or any combination thereof; ((<del>or</del>))

17 (vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling 18 reasonably related to the offense; or

19 <u>(viii) Comply with the conditions of any court-ordered probation</u> 20 <u>bond</u>.

The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the respondent's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent's relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

30 Except as provided in this subsection (5), after July 1, 1991, 31 examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the 32 33 department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender 34 therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to 35 this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The 36 37 offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another for reasons other than circumventing the certification 38 state 39 requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment

within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and
 (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (5)
 and the rules adopted by the department of health.

4 If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the 5 court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order 6 7 execution of the disposition or the court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days' confinement for violating conditions of the disposition. 8 The court may order both execution of the disposition and up to thirty 9 10 days' confinement for the violation of the conditions of the The court shall give credit for any confinement time 11 disposition. 12 previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the 13 suspension is being revoked.

For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has 14 15 sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. "Victim" 16 may also include a known parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor 17 child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense. 18 19 (6) RCW 13.40.193 shall govern the disposition of any juvenile 20 adjudicated of possessing a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)(e) or any crime in which a special finding is entered that the juvenile 21

22 was armed with a firearm.

(7) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.

27 (8) Except as provided for in subsection (4)(b) or (5) of this 28 section or RCW 13.40.125, the court shall not suspend or defer the 29 imposition or the execution of the disposition.

30 (9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court 31 at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the 32 same offense.

33 **Sec. 8.** RCW 13.40.200 and 1986 c 288 s 5 are each amended to read 34 as follows:

(1) When a respondent fails to comply with an order of restitution,
community supervision, penalty assessments, or confinement of less than
thirty days, the court upon motion of the prosecutor or its own motion,
may modify the order after a hearing on the violation.

(2) The hearing shall afford the respondent the same due process of 1 law as would be afforded an adult probationer. The court may issue a 2 3 summons or a warrant to compel the respondent's appearance. The state 4 shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence the 5 fact of the violation. The respondent shall have the burden of showing that the violation was not a willful refusal to comply with the terms 6 7 of the order. If a respondent has failed to pay a fine, penalty 8 assessments, or restitution or to perform community service hours, as 9 required by the court, it shall be the respondent's burden to show that 10 he or she did not have the means and could not reasonably have acquired the means to pay the fine, penalty assessments, or restitution or 11 12 perform community service.

13 (3)(a) If the court finds that a respondent has willfully violated 14 the terms of an order pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this 15 section, it may impose a penalty of up to thirty days' confinement. 16 Penalties for multiple violations occurring prior to the hearing shall 17 not be aggregated to exceed thirty days' confinement. Regardless of the number of times a respondent is brought to court for violations of 18 19 the terms of a single disposition order, the combined total number of days spent by the respondent in detention shall never exceed the 20 maximum term to which an adult could be sentenced for the underlying 21 22 offense.

(b) If the violation of the terms of the order under (a) of this subsection is failure to pay fines, penalty assessments, complete community service, or make restitution, the term of confinement imposed under (a) of this subsection shall be assessed at a rate of one day of confinement for each twenty-five dollars or eight hours owed.

28 (4) If a respondent has been ordered to pay a fine or monetary penalty and due to a change of circumstance cannot reasonably comply 29 30 with the order, the court, upon motion of the respondent, may order 31 that the unpaid fine or monetary penalty be converted to community The number of hours of community service in lieu of a 32 service. monetary penalty or fine shall be converted at the rate of the 33 prevailing state minimum wage per hour. The monetary penalties or 34 fines collected shall be deposited in the county general fund. A 35 failure to comply with an order under this subsection shall be deemed 36 37 a failure to comply with an order of community supervision and may be proceeded against as provided in this section. 38

(5) When a respondent has willfully violated the terms of a
 probation bond, the court may modify, revoke, or retain the probation
 bond as provided in section 1 of this act.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW 5 to read as follows:

6 When a juvenile charged with an offense posts a probation bond or 7 deposits cash or posts other collateral in lieu of a bond, ten dollars 8 of the total amount required to be posted as bail shall be paid in cash 9 as a nonrefundable bail fee. The bail fee shall be distributed to the 10 county for costs associated with implementing chapter . . ., Laws of 11 1995 (this act).

> Passed the House March 8, 1995. Passed the Senate April 12, 1995. Approved by the Governor May 16, 1995. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 16, 1995.